Max IV

Front Axle Replacement

For models after Serial Number 19417 and all Snap-Ring style axle replacements.

03/16/06

Max IV Snap Ring Front Axle replacement.doc

Tools required:

9/16" Wrench	6" Extension	½" socket
3/4" Wrench	Ratchet	Hammer
3/4" Socket	Drift Pin	9/16" Socket
Hex Wrench Set	Grease Gun	Tape Measure
Torque Wrench	Floor Jack	Jack Stands
Standard Screwdriver	Permatex [®] Anti-Seize	½" Wrench

Rubber Mallet #271 Loctite® Threadlocker

Heavy Duty Snap Ring Pliers (Recreatives P/N 45011 with tips P/N 45012)

Procedure

Read through all instructions before you begin.

- **1.** Move the vehicle to a level surface.
- **2.** Place the vehicle in reverse gear.
- **3.** Remove the floorboards and engine cover. Disconnect the negative battery cable.
- **4.** Raise the vehicle so the tires are off the ground.



Securely support the vehicle so there is no danger of it falling.

- **5.** Place the vehicle in NEUTRAL gear.
- **6.** Remove the tire from the axle to be replaced.



Front Axle Replacement

Removal

1. Measure the distance from the outer chassis rail to the edge of the front sprocket. Write this measurement down as it will be needed later in order to realign the chain(s). (See Figure IA).



Failure to align the chains will result in vehicle damage.

- 2. Loosen the front chain adjuster assembly for the front chain.
- 3. Remove the front chain (122 link) from the front sprocket and center sprocket.
- 4. Locate the front and rear brake caliper mounting bolts on the brake caliper mounting bracket. These bolts secure the brake caliper assembly to the chassis. Using a ½" wrench and socket, remove both bolts. Keep track of the washers/shims. Lift the caliper assembly off of the brake rotor and rest it in front of the front chassis rail.
- 5. Locate the access hole in the steering lever plate to access the axle end bolt. Using a 3/8" hex wrench, remove the bolt from the end of the axle. Loosen the two set screws on the inner bearing (see Figure V).
- 6. Locate the four, 3/8" nuts and lock washers on the outside of the body, which secure the outer bearing flange to the chassis.

 Remove these nuts and lock washers. Slide the axle out until the sprocket is in contact with the frame.
- 7. Locate the inner sprocket assembly snap ring (next to the inner most edge of the sprocket/disk assembly). Using the <u>proper</u> snap ring pliers, loosen the snap ring and begin to walk it towards the end of the axle. As the inner snap ring is walked off the axle end, remove the bearing shims (thick and/or thin) on the end of the axle and set them aside. Keep track of these shims and the order in which they are on the axle. This will help in proper alignment during the assembly process.



Failure to use the proper snap ring pliers can result in serious injury.



8. Remove the axle from the vehicle. The outer bearing, flange, locking collar, outer sprocket snap ring, and any sprocket shims should remain on the axle. Keep track of the sprocket shim(s) and their order on the axle. You may need to tap the axle out with a hammer by tapping on the back side of the wheel flange (the plate the wheel bolts to). The sprocket assembly will remain in the vehicle.

Note: Over time, there is a possibility of the axle becoming rusted to the inner bearing or sprocket assembly. In this case, the axle must be cut with a grinding wheel. After the axle is cut and removed, remove the bearing or sprocket assembly from the chassis (see the *Bearing Replacement* section or *Sprocket Replacement* Section of the service manual) and replace it with a new bearing or sprocket assembly if necessary.



Always wear safety glasses when cutting metal objects.

9. Once the axle is removed, place it on a table or bench and in a vise if possible. Remove the sprocket shim(s) and the outer sprocket snap ring using the proper snap ring pliers. Keep track of sprocket shim(s) as it will be used later during the installation. Loosen the set screw on the locking collar on the outer bearing. Unlock the locking collar using a hammer and a drift pin. To unlock the collar, place the drift pin in the locking hole (not the set screw hole) and tap it with the hammer so that the collar will spin in the same direction that the axle rotate when the vehicle is moving backwards. Once loose, slide the locking collar away from the bearing. Remove the bearing, flange, and locking collar from the axle.

Installation

- 1. Refer to the *Front Sprocket Snap-Ring Style Replacement Instructions* for sprocket inspection and sprocket shimming before proceeding to the next step.
- 2. Inspect the paper flange gasket located between the outer steel bearing flanges. Replace if necessary. Reinstall the outer chassis bearing and flange, which was removed with the axle assembly, to the chassis. Be sure that the eccentric locking surface on the bearing is facing towards the outside of the vehicle and that the grease fitting on the outer flange is towards the top of the vehicle. Loosely install the lock washers and nuts onto the four, 3/8" bolts. These will be tightened down later.



- 3. Place the outer locking collar on the axle (the one from the outer chassis bearing). Make sure that the recessed portion on the locking collar is facing the vehicle body. Coat the axle shaft with Anti-Seize.
- 4. Insert the axle into the outer chassis bearing. Install the outer sprocket snap ring and sprocket shim(s) onto the end of the axle. Do not place the snap ring into the outer groove yet. Slide the axle through the sprocket assembly. Carefully slide the snap ring, appropriate sprocket shim(s), and sprocket assembly along the axle shaft until the snap ring locks securely into the outer snap ring groove. Slide on the inner snap ring only part way. Place the inner bearing shims, removed in step 7 of the removal procedure, on the turned down portion of the axle (see Figure V). Slide the axle into the inner bearing. Proceed to slide the inner snap ring along the axle shaft until it locks into the inner snap ring groove.
- 5. With the axle in place, tighten down the four nuts, which were installed on the outer bearing flange assembly. These should be tightened down to 30 ft-lbs.



Failure to tighten down hardware will result in vehicle damage.

- 6. Slide the axle in all of the way until the bearing shims are seated tightly against the inner bearing.
- 7. Double check the alignment by measuring from the outer chassis rail to the sprocket (see Figure IA). This should be the same as the measurement for the sprocket that was written down in step 1. Add or remove thick or thin shims in order to gain proper alignment.



Failure to align the chains will result in vehicle damage.

8. Secure the axle to the bearing using the axle end bolt and flat washer as shown in Figure V. Be sure to put #271 Loctite® on the bolt and tighten it down to 30 ft-lbs. Tighten down the two inner bearing set screws. Proceed to tighten down the outer bearing locking collar. Turn the collar by hand in the same direction that the axle rotates when the vehicle is moving forward. Rotate the collar while applying pressure in towards the bearing until the collar is snug on the bearing. Lock the collar down using a drift pin and hammer. To lock it, place the drift pin into the collar locking hole (not the set screw hole) and tap the collar with 4 or 5



firm taps to rotating it and tighten it. Tighten down the set screw with a hex wrench.

9. Grease the outer and inner bearings with one or two pumps of grease with a grease gun. Grease the sprocket assembly with 3 or 4 pumps of grease with a grease gun.

(CAUTION:

Too much grease in a bearing will damage the bearing seals.

- 10. Now double check the alignment of the front idler sprocket (adjuster sprocket). Measure from the outer chassis rail to the center (of the width) of the axle sprocket. With the idler sprocket bolt snug, measure from the outer chassis rail to the center of the center idler sprocket (see Figure IB). Move the shims for the idler sprocket around until you have the same measurement as the outer chassis rail to the center of the axle sprocket.
- 11. Reinstall the chain. Adjust the chain as described in your Operators Manual. Be sure to tighten down all the hardware that was loosened.



Failure to properly adjust chains will result in vehicle damage.

12. Slide (drop) the brake caliper assembly onto the brake disk. Place the bolt into the correct locations along with the washers/shims removed in step 4 of the removal process. Tighten the bolts down until just snug. There should be a small gap between both sides of the caliper mounting bracket and the inner brake pad and caliper arm plate. This will insure that pads are not tight against the brake rotor. Tighten down the brake caliper mounting bracket hardware.

(WARNING)

Failure to tighten hardware can result in loss of control of vehicle.

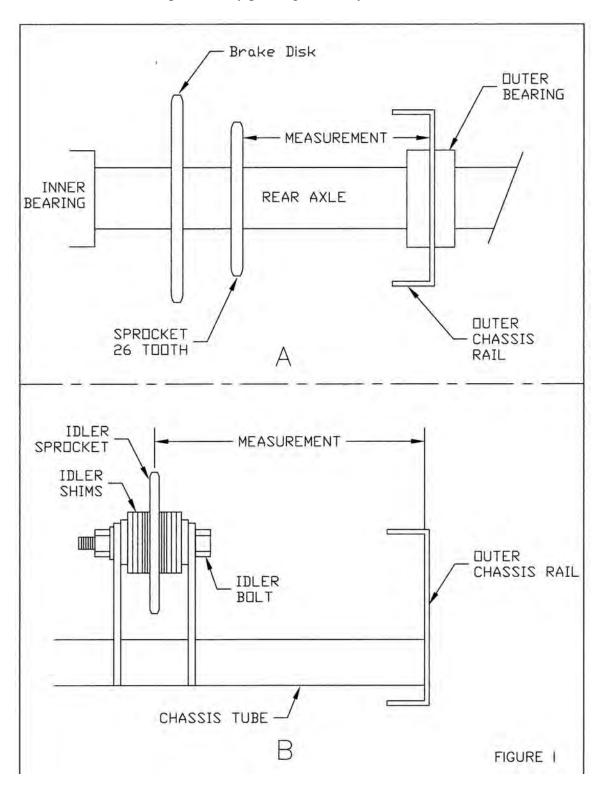
- 12. Reinstall the tire on the axle. Tighten down the lug nuts to 55 ft-lbs.
- 13. Reconnect the negative battery cable and install the floorboards and engine cover.

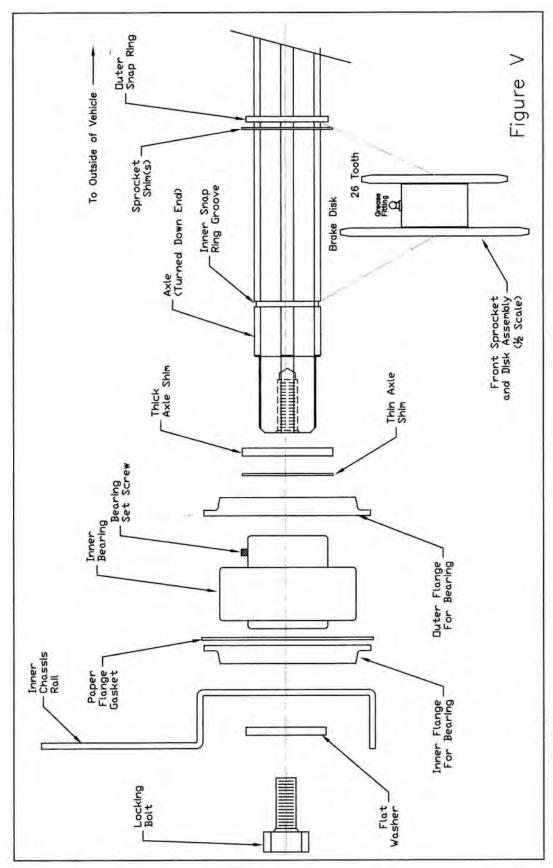
The Safety Alert Symbol means ATTENTION! BECOME ALERT! YOUR SAFETY IS INVOLVED!

A CAUTION indicates special precautions that must be taken to avoid damage to the vehicle.



Failure to follow WARNING instructions <u>could result in severe injury</u> or <u>death</u> to the vehicle operator, any passenger, or a bystander.





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